

©2022 Report written, designed and produced by ROC Research Consultancy Ltd

JUCD Community Insight Learning Review

Independent review of current understanding of how community insight is gathered and used across Derbyshire

Commissioned by Joined Up Care Derbyshire August 2022



Community Insight: Learning review approach

- ROC Research Consultancy Ltd were commissioned to undertake a rapid learning review of community insight across Derbyshire to assist JUCD in understanding what insight is being gathered and how it is being used to inform decision making.
- The findings of the review will be used to continue the conversation and aid progress towards improving how community insight is gathered and used across systems in Derbyshire.
- Contributors to the review were identified by JUCD, Active Derbyshire and Public Health, or through relevant network meetings. Individuals were invited to speak informally to the researcher or submit relevant documents for review. The data set includes 13 one-to-one conversations and 24 reports which were thematically analysed using a framework approach.
- The main findings are summarised to reflect themes identified. Data framework tables are available separately.
- From the themes, a potential process map for community insight is presented which will be used for further conversations in the future.





Community Insight: Learning contributors and context to findings



Context to findings:

A time of high organisational stress due to unprecedented demand on services and as the local system transitioned to the ICS. This may have limited capacity to contribute.

Contributors were self selected which may reduce generalisability of findings to the system as a whole.

A high number of contributors were concerned of the impact of speaking candidly. All data tables are anonymised to encourage open and honest conversation.



Community Insight: Learning review themes

Methods: Insight is being gathered in structured and unstructured ways across the system. Quality is limited by reduced capacity and skills, and ability to truly explore context.

Communities: There is an assumption that communities want to engage but less understanding about how and if they have the capacity to give time (often voluntarily). Many have negative experiences of the system and lack trust. Organisations: Institutionalised behaviors and conflicting agendas limits collaborative working.

Definition: Community insight means different things to different individuals, communities and organisations. However it is consistently accepted that it should play an important role in decision making as communities have unique characteristics.

Individuals: Institutionalised behaviors and conflicting agendas limits collaborative working. Culture: There is a desire for a shared learning but organisational boundaries have led to a lack of clarity in the system around how to do this effectively. Trust is essential.

Use of insight: Lack of accepted processes mean that insight is often shared informally and lost within the system in the messy middle.



Community Insight: Learning review themes – adding context to the themes

Methods: Structured insight included surveys and focus groups on particular topics with information being fed into formal groups such as Citizen's Panel to inform decision making. Unstructured insight includes wide range of soft intelligence gathered formally and informally through conversation or interaction with citizens but often without formal processes or governance.

Communities: Low numbers in all forms of engagement suggests that perhaps current strategies aren't meeting needs or expectations of communities. But no evidence that the communities have been asked! Organisations: Lack of internal and external collaboration may lead to conflicting agendas. E.g. Comms teams prioritising one form of engagement over another due to siloed working and/or competition.

> "If you think working in silos is hard, try working in collaboration. If we could get better at talking to each other and sharing it would make a huge difference."

Individuals: Hierarchy in organisations influences how work on the ground happens. If a line manager supports new ways of working it is easier to change a working culture. Culture: Cultural change requires conscious leadership. E.g. Erewash appears to have made progress here because through the vanguard and other work, community and place has been prioritised.

Use of insight: At a local level, insight informs decision making E.g. Covid vaccination promotion in BAME communities. But lack of process makes unstructured insight difficult to inform wider strategic decisions.



Community Insight: What insight is being gathered in Derbyshire?

Unstructured community insight:

Informal insight originating from place based and community level work streams. Rich data that provides insight into the lived experience of citizens and communities.

Lack of skills, resources and processes for good practice risks contextual insight being lost. Insight into communities (populations and place) is being gathered across the system and tends to fall into two categories of information sources.



Structured community insight:

Organised strategic process with governance structures, collecting information to inform decision making (e.g. Service design) or review existing provision within a system.

> Methods robust but small sample sizes reduce generalisability of the insight.

Although insight is being gathered, there is little understanding of how different data sources are or should be used collaboratively to support decision making.



Clearer process required

Contextual insight required

Community Insight: What is understood about good unstructured insight

Working alongside and with communities in an agenda free way to understand the lived experience of individuals.

Creating a **two-way** open **dialogue** between communities and the system so that **needs** and **challenges** are understood by both sides.

Building trust with communities by maintaining communication, acting on promises and managing expectations.



Respecting and valuing contributions by listening with self awareness of own values and assumptions, and with and empathy.

Recognising approach is **time** consuming and requires **consistency**.

Working in **partnership** to improve **quality** insight and **shared decision making** with communities.



Community Insight: Exploring a potential process map for unstructured insight

Phase 1: Nurturing relationships with community.

Building trust with community to create a shared understanding of the purpose of insight and an environment where people want to share.

Phase 2: Enable social action. Exploring what people want to talk about, change and influence, and understanding how they want to do this.

Phase 3: Generating insight.

Collating and recording insight using diverse range of methods that meet the needs of topics identified in phase 2.



Phase 5: Acting on insight.

Translating insight into action and sharing action with community to close insight loop.

Phase 4: Sharing insight. Systematic flow of insight into the wider system.



Community Insight: What do we need to have a greater understanding of?

How we work with communities We need to have a better understanding of the expectations of both the system and communities for how community insight is gathered and used.

How we use data and insight

We need to explore how to enable communities to make decisions while still listening to priorities in the data.

How to compromise

We need to work out how structured and unstructured processes compliment each other.



How insight navigates the system We need to have a better understanding of how insight moves through and informs decision making in a messy system by understanding the opportunities and barriers.

> How we test and learn We need to be brave and test new and existing approaches to understand what is working and what isn't.





ROC RESEARCH CONSULTANCY

Contributors to JUCD Community Engagement Learning Review

1. Various. Learning network planning meeting. June 14th, 2022. 18. *Great Chesterfield Get 2Gether*: Chesterfield Borough Council. 2022. 2. Asquith, Josh. The Bureau Glossop Community Wellbeing Charity. June 19. Palmer, Maggie. South Derbyshire CCG Place Lead. July 1st, 2022. 21st. 2022. 20. Boyle. Jude. DCC Commissioning Manager. July 5th. 2022. 3. University of Sheffield. Be Cancer Safe Social Movement Evaluation. North 21. Gilbert, Helen and Beech, Jake. How can a strategic approach to volunteering Derbyshire: 2019. in NHS Trusts add value?: The Kings Fund. 2022. 4. Understanding inactive behavior in Derby City communities: Move More 22. Brown, Rosie. Public Health. June 20th, 2022. 23. Elks, Samantha. Service Development Officer, South Derbyshire. June 20th, Derby, 2020. 5. Murrell, Richard. Place Manager, Erewash. June 28th, 2022. 2022. 6. Wardle, Jonathan. Senior Place Manager, JUCD. July 8th, 2022. 24. Elks, Penny. Service Development Officer, Erewash. July 20th, 2022. 7. Downey, Heather and Kirkham, David. We Are Undefeatable Bolsover: Final 25. Various. Derbyshire place team meeting. June 2022. Learning Report, 2022. 26. Cook. Julia. Derbyshire Voluntary Action. June 21st. 2022. 8. Bains, Sara. Amber Valley Partnership - where are we at? 2022-2023: 27. Bains, Sara. Public Health Consultant. June 29th, 2022. Derbyshire County Council, 2022. 28. O'Connor, Rebecca. Active 4 Life Independent evaluation: ROC Research 9. Haigh, Sook. Place Officer Chesterfield. June 29th, 2022. Consultancy Ltd, 2021. 10. Bowel Cancer Report. Chesterfield, Bolsover, Erewash: Derbyshire 29. Impact report and annual review. Glossop: The Bureau, 2020-2021. Voluntary Action. 2021. 30. O'Connor, Rebecca, Barrow Hill: Evaluation of ABCD approach to physical 11. JUCD. Team Up Derbyshire: Engagement report of the community urgent inactivity: ROC Research Consultancy Ltd, 2021. response steering group: Derby and Derbyshire CCG, 2021. 31. Kemp, Andrea. Learning review response from SHIFT. 2022. 12. Marples, Helen. Public Health Chesterfield. June 30th, 2022. 32. JUCD. Engagement Model: Joined Up Care Derbyshire, 2022. 13. Sortified. Best Life Derbyshire - what you told us: Derbyshire County 33. Plummer, Emma. Place Lead Amber Valley. July 20th, 2022. Council, 2022. 34. JUCD. Team Up Derbyshire Engagement report for Community Urgent 14. Locality Public Health Plan 19-20: Amber Valley Health Partnership, 2019-*Response Steering Group*: Joined Up Care Derbyshire, 2021. 2020. 35. Gee, Trevor. Service Development Officer (PH) Amber Valley. July 5th, 2022. 15. Annual Engagement Report 2019-2020: Derby and Derbyshire NHS CCG, 36. Anonymous. *Place lead.* June 29th. 2022. 2020. 37. Asguith, J. Case study: engaging hard to reach individuals. 16. Chesterfield Health and Wellbeing Partnership Priorities 2022-23: Glossop: The Bureau, 2021. Chesterfield Heath and Wellbeing Partnership, 2022. 17. Rother Time 4 You Cafe evaluation. 2019.

ROC RESEARCH

CONSULTANCY



Report researched, written, designed and produced by Dr Rebecca O'Connor, ROC Research Consultancy Ltd

drrebeccaoconnor@rocresearchconsultancy.co.uk www.rocresearchconsultancy.co.uk



©2022 Report written, designed and produced by ROC Research Consultancy Ltd